

Where's Todd?

mirror	مِرآة	supermarket	محل كبير
ornament	يزين / زينة	restaurant	مطعم
lamp	مصباح	poem	قصيدة
fireplace	مَوْؤِد / مدفأة	half past	و نصف
armchair	كرسي بذراعين	time for	حان الوقت لـ
rug	سَجَّادَة	smart	ذكي / أيق
drawer	دُرْج	heavy	ثقل
sofa	كُتْبَة، أريكة	different	مختلف
next to	بجانب	painting	الرسم
above	فوق	inspector	مفتش
floor	ارضية / طابق	robber	لص
turn on	يشغل	woof	نباح / ينبح
turn off	يطفىء	blip	يومض / إشارة على رادار
grey	رمادي		
wall	حائط		
relief	إرتياح		

Study the following:-

- With one other.
- Five minutes later.
- I was at the zoo , but now I am at home.
- They were sad, but now they are happy.
- Cameras are small now, they were big and heavy.
- This is my sister and me.

Past simple

A

Form

- ▶ We make the past simple of regular verbs with the suffix **-ed**.
They **played** football yesterday.
- ▶ To make the negative we put the auxiliary verb **did not** (the short form is **didn't**) before the main verb in its root form. The main verb does **NOT** have the suffix **-ed** in the negative.
He **didn't watch** TV last night. ~~He didn't watched TV last night. X~~
- ▶ In short answers we use the personal pronoun and **did** or **didn't**. We do not repeat the main verb.
Did you like the film? Yes, I did. or No, I didn't.

B

Spelling rules

- ▶ With verbs ending in **-e**, we only add **-d** in the past simple positive.
dance - danced like - liked
- ▶ With verbs ending in a consonant and **-y**, the **y** goes and we add **-ied**.
cry - cried study - studied
- ▶ With verbs ending in a vowel and **-y**, we add **-ed** as usual.
play - played stay - stayed
- ▶ With single-syllabled verbs ending in a vowel and a consonant, we double the consonant and add **-ed**.
stop - stopped plan - planned

C

Use

We use the past simple:

- ▶ to talk about something that happened at a specific time in the past. We can answer a question asking when the action happened.
She finished her homework an hour ago.
(When did she finish her homework? An hour ago.)
He visited Rome last year. We watched a good film on TV last night.
- ▶ to talk about a series of actions, one after the other.
We listened to music, we danced and then we opened our presents.
with time phrases such as:
 - last year, last month, last week, last Monday
 - three years ago, two days ago
 - yesterday morning, yesterday afternoon
 - in 1987, in 1996

4 Look and write. Use the *past simple*.

Yesterday...



1 Kikki / play the violin ✓
Kikki played the violin



2 Nicola / help her teacher ✓



3 Stanley / finish his article ✗



4 Leslie / cook spaghetti ✓



5 Peter / tidy his room ✓



6 Suzie and Cosmo / stay at home ✗

5 Look at exercise 4. Ask and answer.

- 1 Kikki / play the piano?
Did Kikki play the piano? No, she didn't.
- 2 Nicola / help her mother?
.....
- 3 Stanley / finish his article?
.....
- 4 Leslie / cook spaghetti?
.....
- 5 Suzie and Cosmo / stay at home?
.....
- 6 Peter / tidy his room?
.....

Tip

In the question form, as in the negative, the main verb does NOT have the suffix *-ed*.

Did Kikki play the piano?
~~Did Kikki played the piano?~~ ✗

6 Read and complete. Use the *past simple*.



Stanley: (1) Did you enjoy your holiday in France?
Leo: Yes, I (2)
Stanley: (3) you travel by plane?
Leo: Yes, I (4)
Stanley: (5) you enjoy the trip?
Leo: No, I (6) I hate planes.
Stanley: Did you stay in a hotel?
Leo: No, we (7) We stayed at my uncle's house.
Stanley: Did you talk to any local people?
Leo: No, I (8) I don't speak French.
Stanley: (9) you visit the Eiffel Tower?
Leo: Yes, I (10) It was fantastic!

